Supplementary Tab	e 5: Parathyroic	d identification																		
Ref. Author	Country	Journal	Year Study design	Patient selection Subject	N (cases)	Fluorogenic	Dose	Imaging to Route	chniques Timing	Imaging system	Quantitative	Main endpoints	Imaging	Endpoint measures Clinical impact, changes in intraoperative decision-	Clinical impact, advantages in	Adverse effects	Learnin	Cost analysis	s Other comments	Ref. detail
1 Paras	US	J Biomed Opt	2011 Prospective	Endocrine surgery	21	agent Autofluorescence	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	NA NA	Fiber optic spectrometer (S2000-FL, Ocean Optics	Fluorescence intensity	Fluorescence intensities of the parathyroid grand and surrounding tissues	The fluorescence intensity of the parathyroid gland was found to be consistently greater than that of the thyroid and all other tissues in the neck	,	postoperative outcomes	None	NA NA	NA NA		Paras C, Keller M, White L, Phay J, Mahadevan-Jansen A. J Biomed Opt. 2011 Jun;16(6):067012 MeWade MA, Paras C,
2 McWade	US	Surgery	2013 Not stated	Parathyroidectomy and thyroidectomy	45	Auto fluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After identifying the parathyroid tissue	Ocean Optics spectrometer	r NA	Detect the parathyroid glands to avoid inadvertent removal	1 100%	NA	NA	None	NA	NA		White LM, Phay JE, Mahadevan-Jansen A, Broome JT. Surgery. 2013 Dec:154(6):1371-7: McWade MA, Paras C.
3 McWade	US	J Clin Endocrinol Metab	2014 Case series	Parathyroidectomy and thyroidectomy	6	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After identifying the parathyroid tissue	Ocean Optics spectrometer	r NA	Localize the parathyroid glands	100%	NA	NA	None	NA	NA		White LM, Phay JE, Solórzano CC, Broome JT, et al. J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 2014 Dec-99(12):4574.80 Tummers QR, Schepers
4 Tummers	The Netherland	ds Surgery	2015 Prospective	Parathyroidectomy	13	Methylene blue	0.5 mg/kg	IV	After start of anesthesia	mini FLARE	NA	Detect parathyroid adenomas	69% (in 9 of the 13 patients, fluorescence differentiated between healthy and diseased glands)	NA	NA	None	NA	NA		Tummers QR, Schepers A, Hamming JF, Kievit J, Frangioni JV, van de Velde CJ, et al. Surgery. 2015 Nov:158/5):1323-30 Chakedis JM, Maser C, Brumund KT, Bouvet
5 Chakedis	US	BMJ Case Rep	2015 Case report	Parathyroidectomy (reoperative)	1	ICG	2.5 mg/mL and 3 mL	3 IV	After exposure of th neck tissues	114 0111	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands	100%	NA	Improvement in symptoms within 1 day; no adverse events	None	NA	NA		Brumund KT, Bouvet M. BMJ Case Rep. 2015 Sep 2:2015/bcr201521177 McWade MA, Sanders ME, Broome JT, Soló
6 McWade	US	Surgery	2016 Prospective	Parathyroidectomy and thyroidectomy	137	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After exposure of th neck tissues	e Ocean Optics spectromete	r NA	Detect the parathyroid glands to avoid inadvertent removal Predict normal	1 97% (256 of 264 glands were identified correctly)	NA	NA	None	NA	NA		rzano CC, Mahadevan- Jansen A. Surgery. 2016 Jan;159(1):193- 202 Vidal Fortuny J.
7 Vidal Fortuny	Switzerland	Br J Surg	2016 Prospective	Total thyroidectomy	36	ICG	3.5 mL for a maximum of 5 mg/kg as necessa		After thyroid resection After exposing the	PINPOINT	NA	parathyroid function after surgery by visualizing vascularization	83% (successful in 30 of 36 patients)	NA	Transient hypoparathyroidism was observed in 2 patients	None	NA	NA		Belfontali V, Sadowski SM, Karenovics W, Guigard S, Triponez F. Br J Surg. 2016 Apr. 103/51-537.43
8 Zaidi	US	J Surg Oncol	2016 Prospective	Parathyroidectomy	33	ICG	5 mg	IV	central neck compartment; an additional dose was given later to assess perfusion in rerman tissue After exposing the		NA	Localize the parathyroid glands an assess perfusion	d 92.9% (104 of 112 gland were identified correctly)	¹ NA	No postoperative hypoparathyroidism in an patient	None	NA	NA		Zaidi N, Bucak E, Okoh A, Yazici P, Yigithas H, Berber E. J Surg Oncol. 2016 Jun;113(7):771-4
9 Zaidi	US	J Surg Oncol	2016 Prospective	Total thyroidectomy	27	ICG	5 mg	IV	central neck compartment; an additional dose was given after thyroidectomy to assess perfusion in remnant tissue	PINPOINT	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands an assess perfusion	84% (71 of 85 d parathyroid glands could be identified by ICG)	NA	1 patient exhibited hypocalcemia	None	NA	NA		Zaidi N, Bucak E, Yazici P, Soundararajan S, Okoh A, Yigitbas H, et al. J Surg Oncol. 2016 Jun;113(7):775-8
10 Falco	Argentina	J Am Coll Surg	2016 Not stated	Thyroid and parathyroid surgery	28	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After exposing the thyroid and parathyroid glands	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	100%	NA	No postoperative hypocalcemia or other complications	None	NA	NA		Falco J, Dip F, Quadri P, de la Fuente M, Rosenthal R. J Am Coll Surg. 2016 Auro???17)*474.80 Vidal Fortuny J, Sadowski SM.
11 Vidal Fortuny	Switzerland	J Am Coll Surg	2016 Not stated	Subtotal parathyroidectomy	13	ICG	3.5 mL for a maximum of 5 mg/kg as necessa	IV sry	Before resection of the parathyroid gland	PINPOINT	NA	Evaluate vascularization to select the target parathyroid remnant	100%	ICG angiography determined which parathyroid remnant to preserve (the best perfused)	No postoperative complications; two patients required intravenous calcium infusions	None	NA	NA		Belfontali V, Karenovics W, Guigard S, Triponez F. J Am Coll Surg. 2016 Nov-223/Svs43s49 De Leeuw F, Breuskin
12 De Lecuw	France	World J Surg	2016 Prospective	Total or partial thyroidectomy or parathyroidectomy	35 (81 parathyroid glands)	I Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After exposing the thyroid and parathyroid glands	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	100%	NA	NA	None	NA	NA		I, Abbaci M, Casiraghi O, Mirghani H, Ben Lakhdar A, et al. World J Surg. 2016 Sew.4fs/9):2131.8 Kim SW, Song SH, Lee
13 Kim	South Korea	J Clin Endocrinol Metab	2016 Case series	Total thyroidectomy and hemithyroidectomy	8 (16 glands)	Autofluorescence	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After dissection of the paratracheal area	EOS Rebel, Canon	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands	100%	NA	No postoperative hypothyrpodism in any patient	None	NA	NA	Near-infrared systems to visualize autofluorescence cost less than systems to visualize exogenous contrast dyes	HS, Noh WJ, Oak C, Ahn YC, et al. J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 2016 Dec;101(12):4646- 4649 Vidal Fortuny J,
14 Vidal Fortuny	Switzerland	World J Surg	2016 Not stated	Subtotal parathyroidectomy	Not stated	ICG	0.3 mg/kg for a maximum total o 5 mg/kg	of IV	Prior to resection of the parathyroid glands	PINPOINT	NA	Confirm the vascular status of the parathyroid glands	NA	NA	NA .	None	NA	NA .		Karenovics W, Triponez F, Sadowski SM. World J Surg. 2016 Oct;40(10):2378- 81 Lang BH, Wong CK,
15 Lang	China	Surgery	2017 Not stated	Total thyroidectomy	70	ICG	2.5 mg	IV	After removal of the entire thyroid gland	SPY Elite	Fluorescence intensity	Assess parathyroid gland perfusion and function after total thyroidectomy	Fluorescence intensity varied greatly between patients 77% (27 of 35 planets	NA	Postoperative hypocaleemia was only observed in patients whose ICG fluorescene was weak? 9 patients experienced postoperative hypocaleemia that lasted a fee days to a few weeks	e None	NA	Estimated at \$253 per patient at the authors' institution		Hung HT, Wong KP, Mak KL, Au KB. Surgery. 2017 Jan:161(1):87-95 Ladurner R, Sommerey
16 Ladurner	Germany	Surg Endosc	2017 Prospective	Minimally invasive and open parathyroid and thyroid surgery	25 (35 parathyroid glands)	I Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After identifying the parathyroid tissue	Karl Storz	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	17% (21 of 35 glands were identified correctly; the other 8 were embedded in adipose tissue)	NA	NA	None	NA	NA		S, Arabi NA, Hallfeldt KKJ, Stepp H, Gallwas JKS, Surg Endose. 2017 Aug;31(8):3140- 3145. Yu HW, Chung JW, Yi
17 Yu	South Korea	Surg Endosc	2017 Prospective	Bilateral axillo-breast approach robotic total thyroidectomy or thyroid lobectomy	22 (+44 control)	ICG	10 mg	IV	the thyroid After retracting the	da Vinci Si	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	100% 86% (Visualizing all 4	ICG angiography lowered the rate of incidental parathyroidectomy	Some cases of transient or permanent hypoparathyrodism	None	NA	NA		JW, Song RY, Lee JH, Kwon H, et al. Surg Endose. 2017 Inl-31(7)-3020.3027 Falco J, Dip F, Quadri
18 Falco	Argentina	Surg Endosc	2017 Retrospective	Thyroid and parathyroid surgery (various pathologies)	74	Auto fluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	muscles and recording the number of glands observed under white light	Not stated	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	glands was possible in 64 patients by autofluorescence but only in 9 patients under white linht)	, NA	No permanent hypocalcemia	None	NA	NA	In 1 patient, ICG angiography was used to confirm vascularization	P., de la Fuente M, Prunello M, Rosenthal RJ. Surg Endose. 2017 Sep;31(9):3737-3742

Supplemental material

													There were 5 false		A national experienced persistent					Cui L, Gao Y, Yu H, Li
19 Cui	China	Sci Rep	2017 Prospective	Total parathyroidectomy for secondary hyperparathyroidism	20 (+ 9 control)	ICG	0.5 mg/kg	IV	Before the start of anesthesia	AISERY	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands	positives and 2 false negatives 90% (37 of 41 glands	The resection rate was higher in the group that received ICG angiography	4 patients experienced persistent hyperparathyroidism (2 in the ICG group and 2 in the non-ICG group)	None	NA	NA		M, Wang B, Zhou T, et al. Sci Rep. 2017 Aug 15:7(1):8193 Ladurner R, Al Arabi N, Guendogar U,
20 Ladurner	Germany	Ann R Coll Surg Engl	2018 Prospective	Thyroidectomy with or without central lymph node dissection	20 (41 glands)	Autofluorescence	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After identifying the parathyroid tissue	Karl Storz	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	were identified correctly (authors are unable to specify the reason for falling to identify the last 4 slands from 2 patients)	Autofluorescence helped to determine the course of the surgery in 2 cases	NA	None	NA	NA		Hallfeldt K, Stepp H, Gallwas J. Ann R Coll Supplied 2018
21 Benmiloud	France	Surgery	2018 Prospective	Total thyroidectomy	93 (+420 control)	Auto fluorescence	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	During exposure of the thyroid lobe	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA	Determine whether autofluorescence imaging reduces the risk of postoperative hypocalcemin	76.3%	Fluorescence imaging avoided some cases of parathyroid autotransplantation	Autofluorescence imaging decreased postoperative hypocalcemia rates (5.2% versus 20.9%); permanent hypocalcemia developed in 2 pariets who received fluorescence imaging	None	NA	NA	Imaging reduces the costs by reducing the required postoperative hospital stay for	Inn: 100(1):43,246 Benmiloud F, Rebaudet S, Varoquaux A, Penaranda G, Bannier M, Denizot A, Suraery
22 Kim	South Korea	J Am Coll Surg	2018 Prospective	Thyroidectomy	38 (70 glands)	Auto fluorescence	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before identifying the gland under white light	EOS Rebel, Canon	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands	Sensitivity, specificity, and accuracy were all 100%; I gland could not be identified by	NA	1 patient experienced temporary hypocalcemia	None	NA	NA	commiscations	Kim SW, Lee HS, Ahn YC, Park CW, Jeon SW, Kim CH, et al. J Am Coll Surg. 2018
23 DeLong	US	Surgery	2018 Retrospective	Parathyroidectomy for primary hyperparathyroidism	60	ICG	3 mL of 2.5 mg/mL	IV	After identifying the suspected lesions	PINPOINT	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands	autofluorescence	NA	"There were no patients with a documented failure of treatment, and there were no cases of recurrent hyperparathyroidism"	None	NA	NA		E-b-226/2)-165,172 DeLong JC, Ward EP, Lwin TM, Brumund KT, Kelly KI, Horsan
24 Hillary	UK	Langenbecks Arch	2018 Prospective	Thyroid and parathyroid surgery	41	Methylene blue	Between 0.05 and 0.5 mg/kg (optimum dose	i IV	After exposure of the thyroid and	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands to	Unclear but appears to be	· NA	NA NA	None	NA	NA		S, et al. Surgery. 2018 Feb: 163/21/388,349 Hillary SL, Guillermet S, Brown NJ, Balasubramanian SP.
		Surg					was determined to be 0.4 mg/kg)	•	parathyroid glands			avoid accidental resection	fully successful						ratients wno nad at least one well perfused	Langenbecks Arch Surg. 2018 Feb:403(1):111-118
25 Vidal Fortuny	Switzerland	Br J Surg	2018 RCT	Total thyroidectomy or completion thyroidectomy	196	ICG	2.5 mg/ml.	IV	After removing the thyroid	PINPOINT	NA	well-perfused	In 50 patients, ICG did not demonstrate at least 1 well-perfused thyroid gland; these patients were excluded from the remainder of the study	, NA	None of the patients with at leaset one well- perfixed gland presented with hypoperathyroidina, including those who did not receive calcium supplementation.	None	NA	NA	calcium and parathyroid hormone (PTH) on postoperative day (POD) 1 and systematic supplementation with calcium and vitamin D; control group) or no supplementation	Vidal Fortuny J, Saloowdi SM, Belfohtali V, Guigard S, Poncet A, Ris F, et al. Br J Surg 2018 Mar;105(4):350-357
26 Kahramangil	US, France, and Argentina	Ann Surg Oncol	2018 Retrospective	Thyroidectomy and parathyroidectomy	210	Autofluorescence	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)		Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA.	Determine whether autofluorescence imaging facilitates identification of parathyroid glands	likely to be missed	Upon initial exploration, 46% of PGs were not visible to the naked eye due to coverage by soft tissue, but AF from these glands could be detected by NFI without any furthe dissection.	NA	None	NA	NA	and no blood test on	Kahramangil B, Dip F, Benmiloud F, Falco J, de La Fuente M, Verna S, et al. Ann Surg Oncol. 2018 Apr;25(4):957-962
27 Alesina	Germany	Langenbecks Arch Surg	2018 Case series	Video-assisted neck surgery	5	Autofluorescence	2.5 mg/mL for the ICG; repeated when needed	IV for the ICG	Autofluorescence: after exposing the tissues; ICG: after dissection (to visualize vascularization)	Karl Storz	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands	69% for autofluoresce 75% for ICG	NA	No postoperative complications	None	NA	NA		Alesina PF, Meier B, Hinrichs J, Mohmand W, Walz MK. Langenbecks Arch Surg. 2018 Mav:403(3):395-401 Thomas G, McWade MA, Paras C, Mannoh
28 Thomas	US	Thyroid	2018 Not stated	Thyroidectomy and/or parathyroidectomy	35	Autofluorescence	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Unclear	In-house prototype (PTeye)	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	92.5% accuracy in guiding parathyroid identification	NA	NA	None	NA	NA		EA, Sanders ME, White LM, et al. Thyroid 2018
29 Jin	China	Adv Ther	2018 Not stated	Total thyroidectomy	26	ICG	5 mg up to 5 mg/kg	īV	After resecting one lobe of the thyroid	Digital Precision Medical Technology	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands and predict postoperative parathyroidism	85% (ICG was unclear in 4 of the 26 patients, and 2 of them developed temporary hypographyroidism)	² In 2 patients, parathyroid glands were accidentally resected despite fluorescing strongly with ICG	2 cases of temporary hypoparathyroidism	None	NA	NA		Nov.28(11):1517-1531 Jin H, Dong Q, He Z, Fan J, Liao K, Cui M. Adv Ther. 2018 Dec;35(12):2167-2175
30 Sound	US	Surg Innov	2019 Case series	Reoperative surgery for hyperparathyroidism	3	ICG	5 mg (repeated later in the operation)	IV	After dividing the platysma or dissecting the tissues around the sternum	PINPOINT	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands	100%	NA	No adverse postoperative events	None	NA	NA		Sound S, Okoh A, Yigitbas H, Yazici P, Berber E. Surg Innov. 2019 Dec;26(6):774- 770
31 Kose	US	Surgery	2019 Prospective	Bilateral neck exploration for primary parathyroidism	50 (199 glands)	Auto fluorescence	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After dissection of the strap muscles but before explorative dissection	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	Fluorescence intensity	Compare autofluorescence from healthy and diseased parathyroid glands	96%	Hyperfunctioning glands had lower autofluorescence; early detection possibly shortened the length of the procedure	NA	None	NA	NA		Kose E, Kahramangil B, Aydin H, Donmez M, Berber E. Surgery. 2019 Feb;165(2):431- 437
32 Jin	China	Am J Otolaryngol	2019 Case series	Total thyroidectomy	3	ICG	5 mg up to 5 mg/kg	IV	Unclear - after exposure of the tissues but unknown whether before or	Digital Precision Medical Technology	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands	100%	NA	No adverse outcomes	None	NA	NA		Jin H, Fan J, Yang J, Liao K, He Z, Cui M. Am J Otolaryngol. 2019 Mar.
							Not applicable	Not applicable	after resecting the thousid After visual	In-house prototype		Identify the					The learning curve			Apr;40(2):323-330 Thomas G, McWade MA, Nguyen JQ, Sanders MF, Broome
33 Thomas	US	Surgery	2019 Prospective	Thyroidectomy or parathyroidectomy	20	Auto fluorescence	(intrinsic)	(intrinsic)	inspection of the exposed tissues	(PTeye)	NA	avoid accidental resection	98% (54 of 55 glands) 88% (In 3 of the patients, there was no ICG		NA	None	would be shorter for thic custom	NA		JT, Baregamian N, et al. Surgery. 2019 Inn:165(1):114.123
34 van den Bos	The Netherland	s Head Neek	2019 Prospective	Elective thyroidectomy	26 (30 surgeries)	ICG	7.5 mg	IV	Before thyroid resection and again after thyroid resection	Karl Storz	NA.	Localize the parathyroid glands before resection and assess perfusion after resection	fluorescence to identify the parathyroid glands; the authors suspect that		1 case of atterial bleeding requiring reoperation; 1 wound infection that required antibiotics	None	NA	NA		van den Bos J, van Kooten L, Engelen SME, Lubbers T, Stassen LPS, Bouvy ND. Head Neck. 2019 Feb;41(2):340-348 Gálvez-Pastor S,
35 Gálvez-Pastor	Spain	Am J Surg	2019 Prospective	Total thyroidectomy	39	ICG	3 to 6 mL of 25 mg/10 mL	īv	After thyroidectomy	PINPOINT	NA	Predict hypocalcemia	82% (all 4 glands were identified successfully in 32 of 39 patients)		The ICG score adequately predicted postoperative hypocalecenia and postoperative parathyroid function; 6 patients developed hypocalecenia	None	NA	NA		Carrez-Pastor S, Torregrosa NM, Rios A, Febrero B, Gonzá lez-Costea R, García-L ópez MA, et al. Am J Surg. 2019 Nov.? 18(%) 993, 999
36 Jin	China	Clin Endocrinol (Oxf)	2019 Prospective	Total thyroidectomy	26	ICG	5 mg	īv	After thyroidectomy	Digital Precision Medical Technology	NA	Assess vascularization after resection and predict postoperative hypoparathyroidism	fluoresced under ICG but	NA 1	2 patients with low ICG vascularization scores developed transient hypoparathyroidism	None	NA	NA		Jin H, Dong Q, He Z, Fan J, Liao K, Cui M. Clin Endocrinol (Oxf). 2019 Mar;90(3):487- 493
37 Squires	US	Ann Surg Oncol	2019 Prospective	Parathyroidectomy	59 (69 glands to resect)	Autofluorescence	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After mobilizing the thyroid	PDE Hamamatsu	Fluorescence intensity	Identify the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	was adequate) NA	Imaging increased intraoperative confidence of parathyroid identification and was helpful in 21 of the 59 patients	NA	None	NA	NA		Squires MH, Jarvis R, Shirley LA, Phay JE. Ann Surg Oncol. 2019 Apr:26(4):1142-1148

38 Dip	Argentina	J Am Coll Surg	2019 RCT	Total thyroidectomy	85 (+85 control)	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable e (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before thyroid dissection	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA.	Identify the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection and predict postoperative hypocalcensia	The mean number of parathyroid glands identified per-dissection with NIRL was the same identified per-dissection with NIRL was the same identified post-dissection with WL (3.5 vs 3.6). In the experimental group, converting from WL to NIRL increased the number of glands detected from 2.6 to 3.5 (pc 0.001), and revealed at least 1 percoinculy missed gland in 67.1% of	Imaging revealed at least 1 previously missed gland in 67.1% of patients	Calcium levels equal or lower than 7.5 mg/df. were one-tenth as common in the NIRL group (p = 0.005). The adjusted odds of hypocacleumi developing increase by 15% for ever 3-4g increase in thyroid gland weight (odds ratio 1.15; 95% CT 1.06 to 1.25).	None	NA	NA	Dip F, Falou J, Verna S, Prunello M, S, Prunello M, P, et al. J, An Coll Sung. 2019 May;228(5):744-751
39 McWade	US	J Am Coll Surg	2019 Prospective	Thyroidectomy or parathyroidectomy	30	Auto fluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before dissection	In-house overlay tissue imaging system	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands	97%	NA	NA	None	NA	NA	McWade MA, Thomas G, Nguyen JQ, Sanders ME, Soldrzmao CC, Mahadevan-Jameen A, Am Coll Surg. 2019 Mav-228/5/730-743 Wolf HW, Grumbeck
40 Wolf	Germany	Updates Surg	2019 Retrospective	Bilateral neck exploration, parathyroidectomy, and thyroidectomy	39 (66 glands)	Auto fluorescenc	e Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before dissection	Karl Storz	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands	86% (57 of 66 glands autofluoresced)	NA	NA	None	NA	NA	Wolf HW, Grumbeck B, Runkel N. Updates Surg. 2019 Sep. 71(3):579-585
41 Rudin	US	World J Surg	2019 Retrospective	Total or near-total thyroidectomy	86 (+124 control)	ICG	3 mL	IV	After thyroidectomy	PINPOINT	NA	Predict parathyroid function after thyroidectomy, guide autotransplantation, and decrease the incidence of permanen hyrooarathyroidism	87%	ICG imaging prevented the autotransplantation of 19 glands (6.8%)	32 of the 86 patients that received ICG imaging developed transient hypoparathyroidism	None	The learning curve of interpreting green fluorescence e may be	, NA	Rudin AV, McKenzie TJ, Thompson GB, Farley DR, Lyden ML. World J Surg. 2019 Jun;43(6):1538-1543
42 DiMarco	UK	World J Surg	2019 Prospective	Parathyroidectomy	96 (284 glands)	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After exposing the glands	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA	Assess the clinical utility of autofluorescence in parathyroid surgery	90.5% (257 glands out of 284 were visualized successfully)	NA NA	NA	None	NA	NA	DiMarco A, Chotalia R, Bloxham R, with serum calcium and PTH levels The authors conclude: DiMarco A, Chotalia R, Bloxham R, Welntyre C, Tolley N, Welntyre C, Tolley N, Palazzo FF. World J Blow 34/6/1532,1537
43 Razavi	us	Head Neck	2019 Retrospective	Thyroid and/or central compartment surgeries	43 (+68 control)	ICG	5 mg	īv	At the end of the surgery	Olympus scope with a NII camera	R NA	Predict parathyroid vascularization	In 43 patients, the ICG score was zero	NA	A few patients (number not given) experienced transient hypocalcemia (not predicted by ICG score)	None	NA	NA	"ICGnot associated with transient hypocaleemia and may lead to unnecessary parathyroid untotransolautation " Sep-41(9):3276-3281
44 Ladurner	Germany	Molecules	2019 Retrospective	Open thyroid and parathyroid surgeries	117 (205 parathyroid glands)	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before dissection	Karl Storz	NA	Identify the parathyroid glands	87.3% of glands were visualized successfully; in 26 cases, the glands were not visualized successfully	NA	NA	None	NA	NA	Ladumer R. Lerchenberger M, Al Arabi N, Gallwas JKS, Stepp H, Hallfeldt KKJ. Molecules. 2019 Jul 14:24(14):2560 DiMarco A, Chotalin
45 DiMarco	UK	Ann R Coll Surg Engl	2019 Prospective	Thyroidectomy	106 (+163 control)	Auto fluorescenc	e Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	After thyroidectomy	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA	NIR imaging prevents accidental resection of parathyroid glands and the subsequent hyrocalosmia Localize the	NA	In 13 patients, NIR imaging showed accidental resection of parathyroid glands, requiring autotransplantation (the number was 17 patients in the controls)	Hypocalcemia and later hypoparathyroidism rates did not differ between cases and controls	None	NA	NA	R. Bloxham R. R. Bloxham R. Melntyre C, Tolley N, Palazzo FF. Ann R Coll Surg Engl. 2019 Serv 10177-408-413 Serra C, Silveira L,
46 Serra	Portugal	BMC Surg	2019 Case series	Surgery for hyperparathyroidism (no details on actual procedures)	5	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before dissection	Edmund Optics	Fluorescence intensity	parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	NA	NA	No persistent parathyroidism in any patient	None	NA	NA	Canudo A, Lemos MC. BMC Surg. 2019 Aug 78: 19/11/170 Kim Y, Kim SW, Lee
47 Kim	South Korea	J Biophotonics	2019 Prospective	Total or partial thyroidectomy	26 (56 glands)	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before dissection	EOS (Canon) with in- house modifications	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	Sensitivity was 98.1% and accuracy was 96.4%	I NA	NA	None	NA	NA	KD, Ahn YC. J Biophotonics. 2019 Dec; 12(12):e20190001
48 Kose	US	Surgery	2020 Prospective	Thyroidectomy or parathyroidectomy	173 (503 glands)	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Both before and after dissection	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA	Determine the accuracy of autofluorescence in localizing the parathyroid glands	98% (947 of 971 glands)	In 7 patients, the fluorescence assisted in identifying incidentally resceted glands	Na	None	NA	NA	The authors conclude that autofluorescence is more useful in confirming the confirming the E, Aydin H, Dostmez presence of the glands after visual inspection Jan; 167(1):173-179 have been consequently and the confirmation of t
49 Thomas	US	J Am Coll Surg	2019 Prospective	Thyroidectomy and/or parathyroidectomy	20 (33 glands)	Auto fluorescenc	e Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)		PDE Hamamatsu and PTeye	NA	systems for localizing the parathyroid glands	Accuracy in imaging: 84.6% for the PDE and 92.3% for the PTeye	NA	NA	None	NA	NA	Thomas G, Squires MH, Metcalf T, Mahadevan-Jansen A, Phay JE. J Am Coll Surg. 2019 Dec; 296(6):596.608.63
50 Liu	China	BMC Surg	2020 Not stated	Thyroidectomy	20	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before dissection (although this is unclear)	i-Raman Pro	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection	95% (19 out of 20 patients)	NA	NA	None	NA	NA	Liu J, Wang X, Wang R, Xu C, Zhao R, Li H, et al. BMC Surg. 2020 Jan 6:20(1):4
51 Benmiloud	France	JAMA Surg	2020 RCT	Total thyroidectomy	121 (+120 control)	Autofluorescence	e Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before dissection	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA	Localize the parathyroid glands to avoid accidental resection and reduce postoperative hypocalcemin	NA	was significantly lower in the NIRAF group than in the	The temporary postoperative hypocalcomia rate was 9.1% (11 of 121 patients) in the NIRAF group and 2.17% (26 of 120 patients) is the control group (between group difference, 12.0% [95% C1, 50%-20.1%); $P = .007$). Multivariate analyses found that use of NIRAF code-off the risk of byte of the control group (15.0%) (1	None	NA	NA	significantly longer in the NIRAE group than in the standard-care group (mediam [page 1]) strate [9] [88-114] strate [9] [88-114] strate [9] [177- [10]] simistice, P. [10] simistice, P
52 Yavuz	Turkey	Arch Endocrinol Metab	2020 Prospective	Total thyroidectomy	43 (129 glands)	ICG	2.5 mg in 3 mL	īv	After thyroidectomy	SPY Elite	NA	Assess perfusion of parathyroid glands	100%	Imaging supported decisions of autotransplantation of glands	NA	None	NA	NA	Yavuz E, Biricik A, Kamgulle OO, Ercetin C, Arici S, Vigirbas H, et al. Arch Endocrinol Metab. 2020 Aprefe 6(4):427-435
53 Kim NA, Not available or n		J Surg Oncol	2020 Retrospective	Total thyroidectomy	100 (+200 control)	Autofluorescenc	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Not applicable (intrinsic)	Before dissection	Fluobeam (Fluoptics)	NA	Assess whether imaging the glands prevents postoperative hypocalcemin	36.9% (104 of 282 glands in the imaged cases were visualized by autofluorescence before the surgeon made a visual inspection and identified the other glands)	Rates of accidental resection were 6% in cases and 14% in controls	Rates of transient and permanent hypocalecmia did not differ between cases and controls	None	NA	NA	The authors suggest that postoperative function may depend on preservation of the parathyood vasculature more than on the ability to localize the alands.