

**Supplemental File 4. List of Acronyms and Abbreviations**

<b>Acronym</b>	<b>Definition</b>
AE	Adverse Event: injuries that result from a medical intervention and are responsible for harm to the patient
ASA	American Society of Anesthesiologists
ASPE	The Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation
CDC	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
CDEs	Common Data Elements
CDRH	Center for Devices and Radiological Health within the FDA
CRN	Coordinated Registry Network whose intention is to leverage the data collected in each registry for multiple use cases for women's health and post-market device surveillance
EHR	Electronic Health Record: an electronic version of a patient's medical history that is maintained by the provider over time, and may include all of the key administrative clinical data relevant to that person's care.
FDA	Federal Drug Administration, the agency responsible for drug and device approvals in the United States
FHIR®	Fast Healthcare Interoperability Resources (FHIR®) is a draft standard describing data formats and elements (known as "resources") and an application programming interface (API) for exchanging electronic health records, created by HL7
FPMRS	Female Pelvic Medicine and Reconstructive Surgery
HL7	Health Level Seven International (HL7) is a not-for-profit, ANSI-accredited standards developing organization dedicated to providing a comprehensive framework and related standards for the exchange, integration, sharing, and retrieval of electronic health information that supports clinical practice and the management, delivery and evaluation of health services
ICIQ	International Consultation on Incontinence Questionnaire
Interoperability	The ability of computer systems or software to exchange and make use of information
LOINC®	Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes: a database and universal standard for identifying medical laboratory observations
MDEpiNet	Medical Device Epidemiology Network: a global Public-Private Partnership that brings together leadership, expertise, and resources from health care professionals, industry, patient groups, payers, academia, and government to advance a national patient-centered medical device evaluation and surveillance system.
NIH	National Institutes of Health: a federal agency leading the country's research programs for improving health and reducing costs
NPI	National Provider Identifier
PCOR	Patient Centered Outcome Research, which is a program funded by PCORI
PCORI	Patient Centered Outcome Research Institute which is a non-profit leading the PCOR activities for the country
PCORTF	Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Trust Fund receives income from three funding streams: appropriations from the general fund of the Treasury, transfers from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid trust funds, and a fee assessed on private insurance and self-insured health plans (the PCOR fee)
PFDI-20	Pelvic Floor Distress Inventory-20 (the short-form of the 46-item Pelvic Floor Distress Inventory)
PFIQ-7	Pelvic Floor Impact Questionnaire-7 (the short-form of the 93-item Pelvic Floor Impact Questionnaire)
PGI-I	Patient Global Impression of Improvement
PISQ-12	Pelvic Organ Prolapse/Urinary Incontinence Sexual Questionnaire
POP	Pelvic Organ Prolapse
POP-Q	Pelvic Organ Prolapse Quantification System
PROs	Patient-Reported Outcomes: A PRO is directly reported by the patient without interpretation of the patient's response by a clinician or anyone else and pertains to the patient's health, quality of life, or functional status associated with health care or treatment

PROMs	PRO Measures: PROMs are the tools or instruments used to measure PROs. These tools may measure the patient's health status such as health-related quality of life. These tools are often (patient) self-completed questionnaires
PROMIS®	Patient-Reported Outcomes Measurement Information System®
RWD	Real World Data
RWE	Real World Evidence
SNOMED CT®	SNOMED Clinical Terms is a systematically organized computer processable collection of medical terms providing codes, terms, synonyms and definitions used in clinical documentation and reporting.
SDC	Structured Data Capture: provides an infrastructure for capturing, exchanging and using patient data within electronic health record (EHR) systems for clinical research, adverse event reporting and public health reporting
SUI	Stress Urinary Incontinence
UDI	Unique Device Identifier: a unique numeric or alphanumeric code that is assigned to every medical device within the United States and generally consists of both a device identifier a product identifier
VSAC	Value Set Authority Center: A repository and authoring tool for public value sets created by external programs. Value sets are lists of codes and corresponding terms, from NLM-hosted standard clinical vocabularies (such as SNOMED CT®, RxNorm, LOINC® and others), that define clinical concepts to support effective and interoperable health information exchange.
WHT	Women's Health Technologies: the various technologies that can be used to improve women's health
WHT-CRN	Women's Health Technologies Coordinated Registry Network, a project led by FDA and sponsored by PCORTF