Recent progress to shorten premarket evaluation and improve patient access to medical devices by the Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency of Japan

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The Pharmaceuticals and Medical Devices Agency (PMDA) of Japan advances the fundamental principle that the safety and effectiveness of all medical products must be reasonably assured before they are approved. However, strict premarket evaluation often delays patients from gaining access to some innovative products. To shorten the premarket evaluation, several initiatives and pieces of legislation, including forerunner designation (the Sakigake fast-track development and review system) and “Conditional Early Approval System for Innovative Medical Device Products”, have been initiated.

The Sakigake designation provides a concierge (designation of review partner at PMDA), prioritized consultations, presubmission assessments, and prioritized reviews. Currently, nine devices were selected in the last 4 years (table 1). The first device was approved. Three requirements to apply for Sakigake designation were described in table 1 as well.

The Conditional Early Approval System is a scheme to approve the innovative new products conditionally for life-threatening disease that do not currently have an effective treatment modality if the effectiveness and the safety are reasonably assured by the existing clinical data analysis. To conduct a new Good Clinical Practice-compliant clinical trial is not requested and the effectiveness and safety continue to be assessed after conditional approval with appropriate risk management plan which includes a creation of proper usage guideline with academic societies and an accumulation of all patient data in the registry. Final approval is granted after data in the registry is evaluated.

The PMDA recognizes that the appropriate method to collect reliable and robust real-world data is often based on the registry that has the potential to facilitate rebalancing between premarket and postmarket conditions. The registry model is helpful because the development of medical devices is known to follow a total product life cycle that registries can address. The initiatives of the Clinical Innovation Network led by the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW) and the PMDA, in collaboration with academia and device manufacturers, facilitate registry development, which is useful for regulatory decision-making.

Harmonization by Doing (HBD) activities between the US Food and Drug Administration and the PMDA/MHLW, which were initiated in 2005, have been conducted to promote international clinical trials related to cardiovascular medical devices and obtain approval between countries simultaneously. HBD activities have also progressed to apply to orphan medical devices for pediatric patients, so-called HBD for children. This special population is important as it remains difficult to conduct...
**Table 1** Sakigake assignment for medical devices

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of designation</th>
<th>Name of product</th>
<th>Proposed indication</th>
<th>Sponsor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1# 02/10/2016</td>
<td>Titanium Bridge (hinge-type titanium plates)</td>
<td>Adduction-type spasmodic dysphonia</td>
<td>Nobelpharma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 02/28/2017</td>
<td>Tracheal prosthesis (made of polypropylene mesh and collagen sponge)</td>
<td>Aiding reconstruction of trachea while maintaining intratracheal structure after partial removal</td>
<td>Daiichi Medical</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 02/28/2017</td>
<td>Boron neutron capture therapy (BNCT) system (neutron irradiation system for BNCT)</td>
<td>Glioblastoma, head and neck cancer (selective destruction of tumor cells marked by boron agents)</td>
<td>Sumitomo Heavy Industries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 02/28/2018</td>
<td>UT-Heart (software to aid cardiac resynchronization therapy)</td>
<td>Higher accuracy prediction of effectiveness of cardiac resynchronization therapy for patients with serious heart failure</td>
<td>UT-Heart Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 02/28/2018</td>
<td>Cardiac repair patch (combination of bioabsorbable and stretchable non-bioabsorbable synthetic polymeric threads and a bridging gelatin membrane)</td>
<td>A cardiac repair patch used during cardiovascular interventions ► Applied to correct blood flow, maintain hemoperfusion, and construct/reconstruct surrounding tissues</td>
<td>Teijin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 02/28/2018</td>
<td>CliniMACS CD34 System (CD34 +cell selection and isolation system)</td>
<td>Product capable of facilitating synostosis ► Administered to the site of a non-union bone fracture with collagen-containing soft-tissue injection materials as a scaffold</td>
<td>Miltenyi Biotec K.K.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 02/28/2019</td>
<td>Microwave mammography</td>
<td>Identifies the tissues suspected of being breast cancer by microwave and provides information to the doctor</td>
<td>Integral Geometry Science Co.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 02/28/2019</td>
<td>Molds of vascular grafts for lower extremity arterial bypass (in vivo tissue-engineered vascular grafts)</td>
<td>Improves the blood circulation failure condition below the knee by surgical reconstruction, and long-term patency of self-revascularization for patients with severe lower-limb ischemia</td>
<td>Biotube Co.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 02/28/2019</td>
<td>Phosphorylated pullulan bioadhesive</td>
<td>Improves usability and retainability for bone defects by better formativeness and adhesiveness by mixing with autologous bones, allogeneic bones, heterogeneous bones, artificial bones, or a mixture; moreover, since it has an increasing effect, it can reduce the amount of autologous bone collected</td>
<td>BioARC Co.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1#:Titanium Bridge was approved on December 15, 2017.

Three requirements to apply for Sakigake designation were as follows: (1) innovative medical products for serious diseases; (2) development in Japan being world’s first or simultaneous with other countries; (3) prominent effectiveness expected on non-clinical and early phase clinical studies.

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clinical trials and obtain approval for medical devices for the paediatric patient population.

Through these activities, the PMDA facilitates the development of innovative medical devices and patients’ access to them. The PMDA encourages physicians, innovators and manufacturers to utilize these initiatives to obtain approval in the Japanese market.

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